

Stringhe

`String` is the head of a character string "text".

Analisi delle stringhe

`StringQ[expr]` gives True if expr is a string, and False otherwise.

`StringLength["string"]` gives the number of characters in a string.

`StringPosition["string", "sub"]` gives a list of the starting and ending character positions at which "sub" appears as a substring of "string".

`StringPosition["string", "sub", k]` includes only the first k occurrences of "sub".

`StringPosition["string", {"sub1", "sub2", ...}]` gives positions of all the "subi".

`StringMatchQ["string", "pattern"]` yields True if "string" matches the specified string pattern, and yields False otherwise.

Manipolazione delle stringhe

`"s1" <> "s2" <> ...`, `StringJoin["s1", "s2", ...]` or `StringJoin[{"s1", "s2", ...}]` yields a string consisting of a concatenation of the si.

`StringTake["string", n]` gives a string containing the first n characters in "string".

`StringTake["string", -n]` gives the last n characters in "string".

`StringTake["string", {n}]` gives the nth character in "string".

`StringTake["string", {m, n}]` gives characters m through n in "string".

`StringDrop["string", n]` gives "string" with its first n characters dropped.

`StringDrop["string", -n]` gives "string" with its last n characters dropped.

`StringDrop["string", {n}]` gives "string" with its nth character dropped.

`StringDrop["string", {m, n}]` gives "string" with characters m through n dropped.

`StringInsert["string", "snew", n]` yields a string with "snew" inserted starting at position n in "string".

`StringInsert["string", "snew", -n]` inserts at position n from the end of "string".

`StringReplace["string", "s1" -> "sp1"]` or `StringReplace["string", {"s1" -> "sp1", "s2" -> "sp2", ...}]` replaces the "si" by "spi" whenever they appear as substrings of "string".

`StringReverse["string"]` reverses the order of the characters in "string"

Conversioni

`ToString[expr]` gives a string corresponding to the printed form of expr.

`ToExpression["string"]` gives the expression obtained by taking string as Mathematica input.

`ToHeldExpression["string"]` gives the expression obtained by taking string as Mathematica input, enclosed in Hold[.].

`Characters["string"]` gives a list of the characters in a string.

`FromCharacterCode[n]` gives a string consisting of the character with integer code n.

`FromCharacterCode[{n1, n2, ...}]` gives a string consisting of the sequence of characters with codes ni.

`ToCharacterCode["string"]` gives a list of the integer codes corresponding to the characters in a string.